

식도 천공과 식도주위 농양을 동반한 식도 이물 1례

윤 혜 진

The Case of Esophageal Foreign Body with Esophageal Perforation and Paraesophageal Abscess

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- ABSTRACT -

The main point in managing suspected impaction of esophageal foreign bodies is to decide whether the patient needs an esophageal endoscopy. Esophageal perforation caused by foreign body is caused by pressure necrosis with progressive breakdown of the esophageal wall and migration of the object into the pleural cavity or even into the major vessel. We experienced a case of esophageal foreign body which penetrated the cervical esophagus and formed periesophageal abscess. It was successfully removed endoscopically and complication was treated with conservative management. (*J Clinical Otolaryngol* 2000;11:309-313)

KEY WORDS : Esophagus · Foreign body · Perforation · Periesophageal abscess.

서 론

증 례

가 가 : , 57 , .
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: , 240 - 010

302

1072

38.8 , 103/min, 23/min, 140/80

mmHg .

: 3

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4

가 :
 :
 6-7
 6 가 35 mm
 가 (Fig. 1).
 : 373 mg/dl, HbA1c
 10%, 15,600/μl, 136
 mEq/L, 98 mEq/L, 6.6 g/dl,
 3.0 g/dl
 ++, PT 14.5 가
 773 μg/ml, D-dimer 1.0 μg/ml, FDP 20 μg/ml
 가
 : *Klebsiella pneumoniae*가
 :
 1

(Fig. 2)가

(2 cephalosporin, aminoglycoside, clindamycin)



Fig. 1. The simple cervical spine x-ray : The retrotracheal space in C 6-7 level is markedly widen with air density. Curvilinear bony density is noted in the retrotracheal soft tissue in the same level.

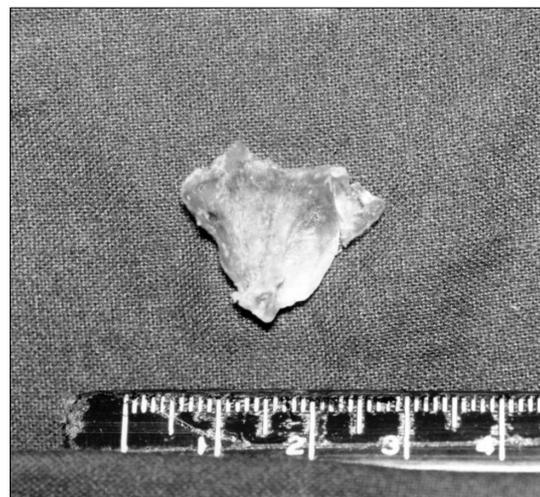


Fig. 2. Foreign body : 3 × 3.5 cm sized, satellite shaped fish bone.



Fig. 3. Small amount of the contrast material gastrograffin (1.5cm × 1cm sized) is noted in the anterolateral portion of the C6 level.

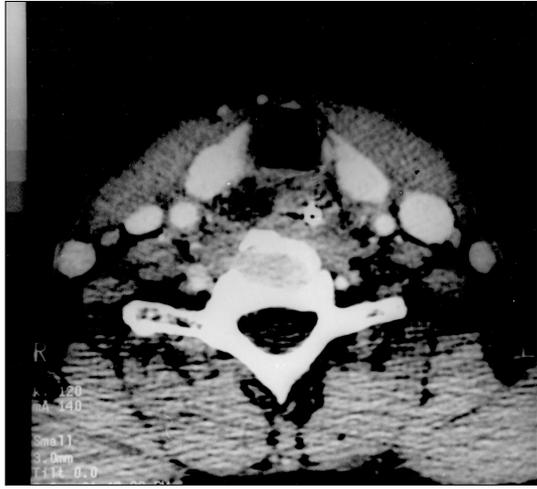


Fig. 4. Neck CT finding : Diffuse soft tissue swelling is noted in the retropharyngeal and parapharyngeal space along the nearly entire esophagus.

2 gastrograffin
 1 1.5 x 1 cm 가
 (Fig. 3), 3
 (Fig. 4).
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 4 2 0.7
 x 0.5 cm
 4 29 30
 고 찰 가 , 28%가 , 8%가
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 57 3
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결 론

중심 단어 :

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