

## 만성부비동염에서 진균의 역할

대구가톨릭대학교 의과대학 이비인후과학교실

신 승 현

## The Role of Fungi in Chronic Rhinosinusitis

Seung-Heon Shin, MD

Department of Otolaryngology, College of Medicine, Daegu Catholic University, Daegu, Korea

## 서 론

rium, *Aspergillus*, *Candida*

3)4)

10%

가 . Ponikau<sup>2)</sup>Shin<sup>5)</sup>

## 진균과 비강 상피세포의 상호작용

1981 Millar<sup>1)</sup>

Charcot - Leyden crystals 가

1

가

가

. Ponikau<sup>2)</sup>

가

glycoconjugates,

1

가

8~10 mm

10

200

lectin, glycoproteins, glycolipid

가 *Alternaria*, *Cladospo-*

6)

: , 705 - 718

4

3056 - 6 가

: (053) 650 - 4525 .

: (053) 650 - 4533

8, TNF -

GM - CSF, IL -

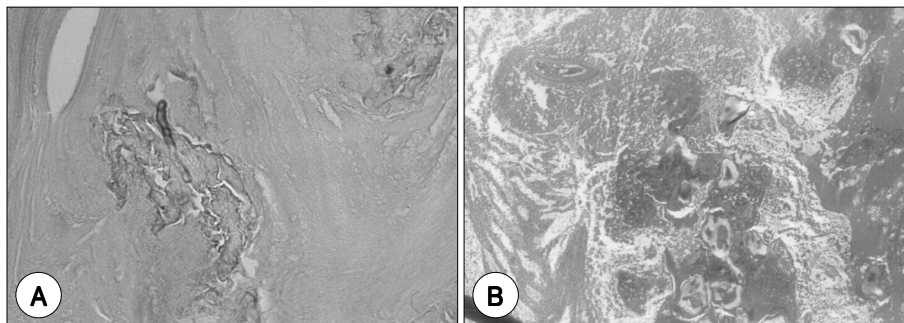
E - mail : hsseung@cu.ac.kr

:  
 7) *Alternaria* IL - 5, IL - 13, INF -  
 IL - 8, GM - CSF, RA- 가 Th1,  
 NTES Th2  
 protease ac- Th1, Th2  
 tivated receptors가 ,  
 serine protease가 , Staphylococcus enterotoxin B  
 (superantigen) 가  
 8) 13)

### 진균과 호산구의 상호작용

가  
 - , 가  
 glioto- 가 가  
 xin, hyphal toxin , CD4+ T 가  
 14) (IL - 4,  
 가 IL - 5, IL - 13, INF - )  
 9) eosinophil cationic  
 protein(ECP), major basic protein(MBP)  
 만성 부비동염 환자의 진균에 대한 면역반응

가 , 15) 가  
 1  
 Th1  
 Th1(INF - ) (INF - ) Th2 (IL - 4, IL - 5)  
 (cell mediated immunity) 가  
 가 Th1 가  
 Th2(IL - 4 & IL - 5) 12)16)  
 가  
 10) ?  
 Khan 17) MBP  
*Alternaria alternata, Aspergillus fumigatus,*  
*Cladosporium herbarum, Penicillium notatum* ,  
*Penicillium* 가  
 IL - 5 ,  
*Alternaria* IL - 5 INF - IL - 13 ,  
 11) Sanchez - Segura 12)



**Fig. 1.** Histologic findings of nasal secretions. A : Gomori-methenamine silver stain and B : Electron microscopic findings show fungal hyphae were surrounded by allergic mucin and they have different microscopic density which represent destroying process of fungi.

가 . AMB<sup>22)</sup>  
AMB 가 가  
Shin<sup>18)</sup> AMB  
가  
Alternaria가  
serine protease가  
(Fig. 1).

## 항진균제를 이용한 만성 부비동염의 치료

가 . Amphotericin B(AMB) 0.1 mg/ml ,  
39~75%  
가 가 가  
,<sup>19)20)</sup> Weschta<sup>21)</sup> Th1, Th2 ,  
AMB 가 ,  
3 , Alternaria  
mg/ml AMB 가  
가  
0.1 mg/ml, 0.05 mg/ml  
AMB 4  
IL - 5, IL - 8, INF - , RANTES 가  
IL - 5 가 ,

중심 단어 :

## REFERENCES

- 1) Millar JW, Johnston A, Lamb D. *Allergic aspergillosis of the maxillary sinuses. Proceedings of the Scottish Thoracic Society* 1981;36:710.
- 2) Ponikau JU, Sherris DA, Kern EB, Homburger HA, Frigas E, Gaffey TA, et al. *The diagnosis and incidence of allergic fungal sinusitis. Mayo Clin Proc* 1999;74:877-84.
- 3) Koivikko A, Viander M, Lanner A. *Use of the extended Phadebas RAST panel in the diagnosis of mould allergy in asthmatic children. Allergy* 1991;46:85-91.
- 4) Shen HD, Lin WL, Tam FM, Wang SR, Tsai JJ, Chou H, et al. *Alkaline serine protease: a major allergen of Aspergillus oryzae and its crossreactivity with Penicillium citrinum. Int Arch Allergy Appl Immunol* 1998;116:29-35.
- 5) Shin SH, Lee YH, Lee SJ, Kim CG, Ye MK. *Analysis of fungi in the nasal secretion of chronic rhinosinusitis patients. Korean J Otolaryngol* 2002;45:479-82.
- 6) Schonheyder H, Stolzenberg ED, Zasloff MA. *Epithelial antibiotics induced at sites of inflammation. Science* 1995; 267:1645-8.
- 7) Suzuki H, Shimomura A, Ikeda K, Furukawa M, Oshima T, Takasaka T. *Inhibitory effect of macrolides on Interleukin-8 secretion from cultured human nasal epithelial cells. Laryngoscope* 1997;107:1661-6.
- 8) Kauffman HF, Tomee JF, van de Riet MA, Timmerman AJ, Borger P. *Protease-dependent activation of epithelial cells by fungal allergens leads to morphologic changes and cytokine production. J Allergy Clin Immunol* 2000;105:1185-93.
- 9) Kauffman HF, Tomee JFC. *Inflammatory cells and airway defense against Aspergillus Fumigatus. Immunol Allergy Clin North Am* 1998;18:619-40.
- 10) Romani L. *The T cell response against fungal infections. Curr Opin Immunol* 1997;9:484-90.
- 11) Shin SH, Ponikau JU, Sherris DA, Congdon D, Frigas E, Homburger HA, et al. *Chronic rhinosinusitis: An enhanced immune response to ubiquitous airborne fungi. J Allergy Clin Immunol* 2004;114:1369-75.
- 12) Sanchez-Segura A, Brieve JA, Rodriguez C. *T lymphocytes that infiltrate nasal polyps have a specialized phenotype and produce a mixed TH1/TH2 pattern of cytokines. J Allergy Clin Immunol* 1998;102:953-60.
- 13) Dennis DP. *Chronic sinusitis: Defective T-cells responding to superantigens, treated by reduction of fungi in the nose and air. Arch Envir Health* 2003;58:433-41.
- 14) Harlin SL, Ansel DG, Lane SR, Myers J, Kephart GM, Gleich GJ. *A clinical and pathologic study of chronic sinusitis: the role of the eosinophil. J Allergy Clin Immunol* 1988; 81:867-75.
- 15) Hoover GE, Newman LJ, Platts-Mills TA, Phillips CD, Gross CW, Wheatley LM. *Chronic sinusitis: risk factors for extensive disease. J Allergy Clin Immunol* 1997;100:185-91.
- 16) Hamilos DL, Leung DY, Wood R, Cunningham L, Bean K, Yasuel Z, et al. *Evidence for distinct cytokine expression in allergic versus non-allergic chronic sinusitis. J Allergy Clin Immunol* 1995;96:537-44.
- 17) Khan DA, Cody II DT, George TJ, Gleich GJ, Leiferman KM. *Allergic fungal sinusitis. An Immunohistologic analysis. J Allergy Clin Immunol* 2000;106:1096-101.
- 18) Shin SH, Kim JK, Kita H. *Activation of eosinophils with airborne fungi. Korean J Otolaryngol* 2004;47:549-53.
- 19) Ricchetti A, Landis BN, Maffioli A, Zeng C, Lacroix JS. *Effect of anti-fungal nasal lavage with amphotericin B on nasal polyposis. J Laryngol Otol* 2002;116:261-3.
- 20) Ponikau JU, Sherris DA, Kita H, Kern EB. *Intranasal anti-fungal treatment in 51 patients with chronic rhinosinusitis. J Allergy Clin Immunol* 2002;110:862-6.
- 21) Weschta M, Rimek D, Formanek M, Polzehl D, Podbielski A, riechelmann H. *Topical antifungal treatment of chronic rhinosinusitis with nasal polyps: A randomized, double-blind clinical trial. J Allergy Clin Immunol* 2004;113:1122-8.
- 22) Shin SH, Ye MK. *The effects of topical amphotericin B on the expression of cytokines in nasal polyps. Acta Otolaryngol* 2004, in press.