

의인성 안면신경마비에서 신경이식술 22개월 후 이식물 상태

동아대학교 의과대학 이비인후과학교실,¹ 재활의학과²배우용¹ · 장윤석¹ · 강명구¹ · 이경우²The State of Facial Nerve Graft After 22 Months
in Iatrogenic Facial Nerve ParalysisWoo-Yong Bae, MD¹, Yoon-Seok Jang, MD¹, Myung-Koo Kang, MD¹ and Kyung Woo Lee²¹Department of Otolaryngology-Head & Neck Surgery and ²Rehabilitation Medicine, College of Medicine,
Dong-A University, Busan, Korea

-ABSTRACT-

Iatrogenic injury to the facial nerve may occur during any surgical procedure around the mastoid and middle ear. When the nerve was recognized to be disrupted, it should be repaired immediately. When a segment of the facial nerve is disrupted, the best functional results are obtained with nerve grafting. There has been no report in the literature on direct observation after facial nerve grafting. The authors performed the nerve grafting in facial nerve injury after simple mastoidectomy. During follow-up, the cholesteatoma was diagnosed and eradicated by surgical resection. We observed the successful anastomosis of the previous nerve grafting during a revision mastoidectomy 22 months after nerve grafting. (J Clinical Otolaryngol 2004;15:323-327)

KEY WORDS : Facial nerve injury · Iatrogenic disease · Graft.

서 론

가 ,
가 .

(interpositional nerve graft)

가

1)

증 례

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3가 1

: (051) 240 - 5428 · : (051) 253 - 0712

E - mail : mgkang@daunet.donga.ac.kr

42

20/30 dB, 10/10 dB

가 8

2.5 cm

(Fig. 1). Hou-

2 mm 2 mm se - Brackman grade(HBG) 가

8

3.5 cm , 10 - 0 nylon keratin debris가

3

fibrin glue (Fig. 2). 22

scutoplasty

(17

)

10 - 0 nylon 3



Fig. 1. Postoperative photographs taken 22 months after the nerve grafting. A : On resting state, the face showed symmetric appearance. B : The right eyebrow was lifted on the right with attempt to wrinkle the forehead. C : The right eye was closed with minimal effort. D : The vertical crease around right orbital area was noted upon forced blink effort of the right eye. Moreover the sclera was not seen when right upper eyelid was pulled upward. E : On "e" phonation, the right lips showed natural movement without synkinesis with a definite right nasolabial fold as the evidence of excellent nerve grafting. F : Giving the whistle, the right lips showed moderate movement deviated to the right side.

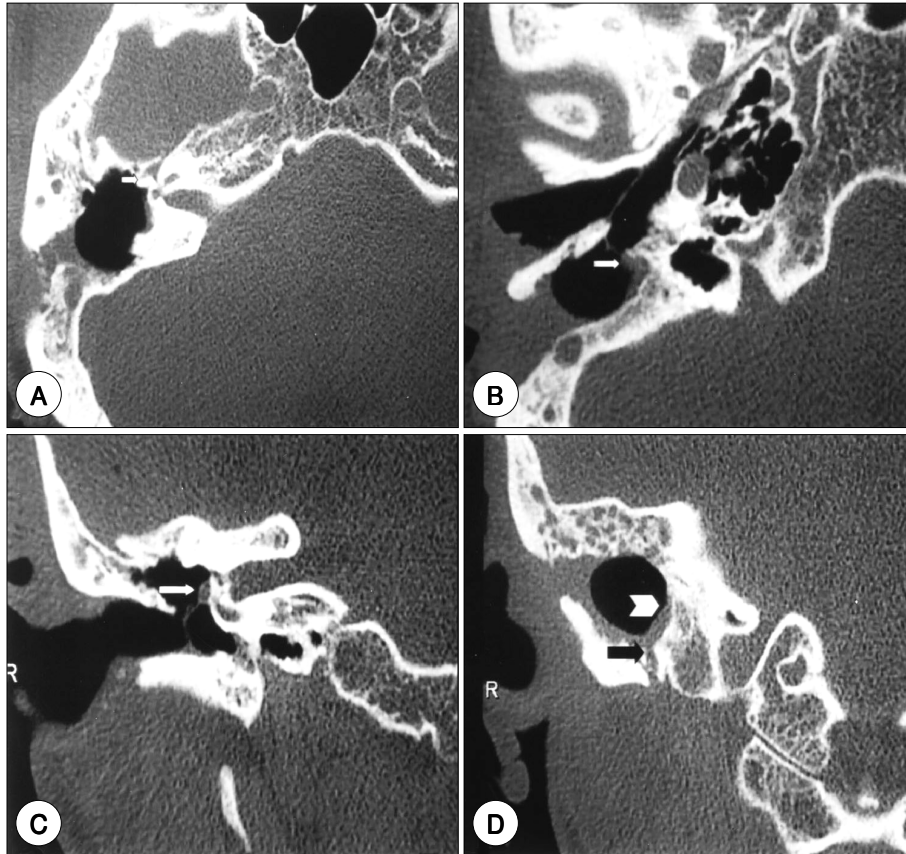


Fig. 2. The temporal bone computed tomography (CT) eight months after nerve graft. A : Axial CT shows right geniculate ganglion (arrow). B : Axial CT reveals greater auricular nerve graft (arrow). C : Coronal CT shows decompressed horizontal segment of facial nerve (arrow). D : Coronal CT shows nerve graft (arrowhead) toward stylomastoid foramen (arrow).

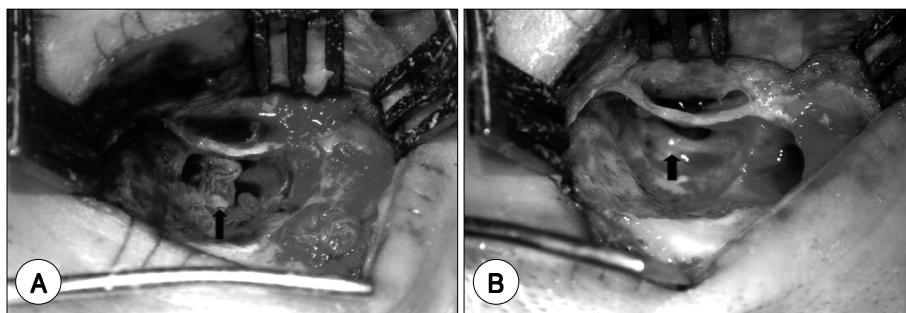


Fig. 3. Intraoperative microscopic photograph showing the previous nerve grafting. A : Cholesteatoma sac (arrow) was adhesive to previous nerve graft. B : After removal of the sac, the anastomosis of the previous nerve grafting (arrow) was directly seen. The scarless margins of graft nerve ends were noted ; it was almost impossible to distinguish the proximal and distal nerve stump from the nerve graft.

Table 1. Electromyography. A : 1 month after the nerve grafting. B : 25 months after the nerve grafting

A	Muscle tested	Spontaneous Activity*	MUAP	Recruitment
	R. Orb. Oc.	Positive	Normal	Slight
	R. Frontalis	Positive	No response	Negative
B	Muscle tested	Spontaneous Activity*	MUAP	Recruitment
	R. Orb. Oc.	Negative	Normal	Normal
	R. Frontalis	Negative	Normal	Decreased

*Spontaneous activity : insertion activity, fibrillation or positive sharp wave. R : right, L : left, Orb : Orbicularis, Oc : Occuli, MUAP : Motor Unit Action Potential

(Fig. 3). 3 가 , 30 가 , (Table 1). 1 .

고 찰

6-8) 0.6~ 3.6 % ²⁾ 가 , Schwann cell ³⁾ 가 , 가 , 10-0 nylon Fisch ⁹⁾ 가 HBG 가 30~50% 가 1 cm ⁵⁾ 가 가 , 가

가 1 mm 가

중심 단어 :

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